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Security Council

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9 November 2007

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Note verbale dated 7 November 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Suriname to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Suriname to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006) and has the honour to refer to the Chairman's note of 19 July 2007.

The Permanent Mission of Suriname has the honour, in this regard, to submit a combined report of the Government of Suriname in accordance with paragraph 19 of resolution 1737 (2006) and as called for in paragraph 8 of resolution 1747 (2007) (see annex).

07-59179 (E) 121107

Annex to the note verbale dated 7 November 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Suriname to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

National report of the Republic of Suriname pursuant to United Nations Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007)

The proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) and their means of delivery remains one of the pre-eminent threats to international peace and security.

The Government of the Republic of Suriname attaches utmost importance to preventing the use of its territory as a transit route for the illicit trafficking of items and materials related to the proliferation of nuclear weapons or ballistic missiles programmes.

Following the adoption of Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007), the Government of the Republic of Suriname promptly informed all relevant states executive bodies concerned of the action which must be taken pursuant to paragraphs 3-8, 10, 12 and 17 of Council resolution 1737 (2006) and paragraphs 2 and 4-7 of resolution 1747 (2007).

The Government of the Republic of Suriname intends to continue its close collaboration with the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006), and will keep the Committee informed of any other measures taken in addition to those aforementioned.

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Letter dated 1 November 2007 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

With reference to your note of 7 February 2007 regarding Security Council resolution 1737 (2006) on the question of non-proliferation of nuclear weapons in Iran, I have the honour to transmit herewith the report of the Government of the Republic of Panama on the measures taken to comply with resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007).

(*Signed*) Giancarlo **Soler Torrijos**
Ambassador
Deputy Permanent Representative

07-60067 (E) 191107 191107

Annex to the letter dated 1 November 2007 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

Report on compliance with resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007) of the United Nations Security Council

In accordance with the policy of non-proliferation of nuclear weapons, the Republic of Panama hereby submits the following report pursuant to resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007) of the United Nations Security Council.

Panama is a party to the following international instruments on the subject: the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT); the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco); and the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty. It is also a member of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), in which it participates in supporting international rules to strengthen the efforts of the international community to promote non-proliferation and the peaceful use of atomic energy.

This report, prepared pursuant to paragraph 19 of resolution 1737 (2006), comprises the information submitted by various institutions concerning the measures called for in paragraphs 3, 4, 6, 10 and 18 of the resolution.

Paragraph 3 and paragraph 4, subparagraphs (b) and (c)

Panama has no records to date of radioactive material or its raw materials exported from its territory or by its nationals or using its flag vessels or aircraft to Iran, nor are there any businesses in Panamanian territory that produce such items.

With regard to paragraph 4, subparagraphs (b) and (c), and paragraph 18, the Merchant Marine Directorate of the Republic of Panama issued DGMM resolution No. 106-02 of 30 March 2007 by which it resolved to adopt measures to comply with resolution 1737 (2006) and decided to deny any requests in respect of vessels coming from Iran to register in Panama and fly its flag.

Paragraph 6

The Panamanian State has legislation defining the crimes of money-laundering, financial crimes, acts of terrorism and the financing of terrorism. Accordingly, the Council on Public Security and National Defence, through its Financial Analysis Unit, has informed the various oversight and monitoring bodies and security organs of the State that are involved in combating money-laundering and the financing of terrorism of the measures contained in resolution 1737 (2006) and has given them explicit instructions to notify the Financial Analysis Unit of the existence of any account or situation covered by the provisions of resolution 1737 (2006), for purposes of analysis and timely referral to the Public Prosecutor's Office.

Paragraph 10

The National Office for Migration, the competent authority in Panama for matters pertaining to migration, was also notified of the requirements of resolution 1737 (2006). The measures in question are addressed in Article 8 of Decree-Law 52 adopted in 2003 concerning nationals of countries who, for reasons related to migration policy, must receive prior authorization before entering the country. These arrangements are handled jointly with the Council on Public Security and National Defence.